

Duration: 50 Mins

Total Marks: 25

ID: ITISKILL9927Q3

Student Name: _____	Roll No: _____
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1. What is the capacity of doing work?

- A) Work
- B) Force
- C) Power
- D) Energy

2. What is top dead centre in reciprocating compressor cylinder?

- A) The piston moves up from the point of cylinder
- B) The piston starts in cylinder at bottom
- C) The piston stops in cylinder at bottom
- D) The piston moves down from the point of cylinder

3. Which compressor dome handles high pressure and high temperature vapour?

- A) Open type reciprocating compressor
- B) Hermetic rotary compressor
- C) Hermetic reciprocating compressor
- D) Semi hermetic reciprocating compressor

4. Which instrument is used for measuring heat?

- A) Calorimeter
- B) Ammeter
- C) Thermometer
- D) Anemometer

5. What is the physical state of ammonia at condenser inlet in vapour absorption system?

- A) Liquid
- B) Vapour
- C) Semi solid
- D) Solid

6. Which instrument is used to measure atmospheric pressure?

- A) Manometer
- B) Hydrometer
- C) Hygrometer
- D) Barometer

7. What is the boiling point of pure water in centigrade scale?

- A) 100 Degree Centigrade
- B) 212 Degree Centigrade
- C) 0 Degree Centigrade
- D) 32 Degree Centigrade

8. What is effect of compression process on refrigerant vapour?

- A) Increase the pressure and temperature
- B) Heat the vapour below saturation

C) Cool the vapour above saturation

D) Decrease the pressure and temperature

9. Which factors produce work?

- A) Force and distance
- B) Time and distance
- C) Force and time
- D) Force and power

10. What is the advantage of using flux in brazing?

- A) Chemical reaction
- B) Melting tubes
- C) Over heating
- D) Prevent Oxidation

11. What is the unit of heat in M.K.S system?

- A) K.W (Kilo Watt)
- B) K.Cal (Kilo Calorie)
- C) KV (Kilo Volt)
- D) B.T.U (British thermal unit)

12. What is the rate of doing work?

- A) Velocity
- B) Power
- C) Force
- D) Duty

13. Which thermodynamic process the temperature is kept constant?

- A) Isobaric process
- B) Isothermal process
- C) Constant pressure process
- D) Constant volume process

14. How the level of heat in a substance is expressed?

- A) Humidity
- B) Micron
- C) Temperature
- D) Pressure

15. Which refrigeration system works on directly by the heat energy?

- A) Mechanical refrigeration
- B) Vapour absorption refrigeration
- C) Vapour compression refrigeration
- D) Jet refrigeration

16. Which two components do the compressor function in vapour absorption system?

- A) Generator and absorber
- B) Generator and condenser
- C) Generator and evaporator
- D) Generator and separator

17. Which components are connected by metering device in vapour compression cycle?

- A) Compressor and condenser
- B) Compressor and evaporator
- C) Evaporator and suction line
- D) Condenser and evaporator

18. What is the barometer reading at sea level in Hg column?

- A) 750 mm
- B) 740 mm
- C) 730 mm
- D) 760 mm

19. What is bottom dead centre in reciprocating compressor cylinder?

- A) The piston moves up from the point of cylinder
- B) The piston stops in cylinder at top
- C) The piston moves down from the point of cylinder
- D) The piston starts in cylinder at top

20. What is the atmospheric pressure at sea level?

- A) 1.3 Kg/cm^2
- B) 1.033 kg/cm^2
- C) 1.5 Kg/cm^2
- D) 1.6 Kg/cm^2

21. Which condition is maintained for refrigerant in high side

of vapour compression system?

- A) Below its critical temperature
- B) Above its freezing temperature
- C) Above its critical temperature
- D) Below its freezing temperature

22. What is the melting temperature of silver brazing rod?

- A) 1120 Degree F
- B) 1250 Degree F
- C) 1300 Degree F
- D) 1200 Degree F

23. What is the equivalent absolute scale for centigrade?

- A) Kelvin
- B) Fahrenheit
- C) Celsius
- D) Rankine

24. What is the absolute zero temperature in degree centigrade?

- A) 0 Degree Centigrade
- B) 100 Degree Centigrade
- C) -273 Degree Centigrade
- D) 212 Degree Centigrade

25. What is the energy of a body by virtue of its position?

- A) Kinetic energy
- B) Wind energy
- C) Potential energy
- D) Electrical energy