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Score: 75/160 (46.88%)

Code: 4416

1. English is a \_\_\_\_language.

- A) Common (Correct)**      B) Day  
C) Night                      D) Evening

2. Using Internet is easy if we learn \_\_\_\_?.

- A) Sports                      **B) English**  
C) Maths                      D) Science (Incorrect)

3. We can learn English by \_\_\_\_?.

- A) Cooking                      B) Playing  
**C) Reading newspaper (Correct)**  
D) None of these

4. Tom tries to read the name boards, advertisements and posters that are in English. This helps him to\_\_\_\_\_.

- A) Play                          B) Friends  
C) See                          **D) Improve his English (Correct)**

5. When people from different states/ countries meet officially, \_\_\_\_?is the commonly used language to communicate with each other.

- A) Latin                          **B) English (Correct)**  
C) Newspaper                D) Action

6. Words that are used to name people, places, animals and things are \_\_\_\_\_.

- A) Person                      B) Table  
**C) Naming words (Correct)** D) Key

7. Naming words are also called \_\_\_\_?.

- A) Nouns (Correct)**              B) Verbs  
C) Action                      D) Pronouns

8. Bats fly during the night. In this sentence the word Bat is\_\_\_\_\_

- A) A boring word              B) An action word  
C) A cool word                **D) A Naming Word (Correct)**

9. Ram was asked to measure his cupboard. It was 4 feet tall. Here feet means \_\_\_\_.

- A) Taste                          B) Hand  
C) Leg (Incorrect)              **D) Measurement**

10. John was travelling by bus to his village. He noted the names of places that he could see on his journey. What are these words called as?

- A) Naming words (Correct)** B) His  
C) That                          D) See

11. Cats is an example of \_\_\_\_word.

- A) Words                          **B) Plural**  
C) Singular (Incorrect)      D) Opposite

12. Singular naming words are used when \_\_\_\_person, place or thing is present.

- A) Many (Incorrect)              B) Few  
**C) One**                              D) More

13. Plural form of child is\_\_\_\_\_.

- A) Person                      B) Infant  
C) Kid                              **D) Children (Correct)**

14. A child was working in the computer lab which had many computers. The word ?computers? is in the\_\_\_\_\_form.

- A) Less                              **B) Plural**  
C) Minimum                      D) Maximum (Incorrect)

15. Vinay visited the dentist because he was suffering from tooth ache. Dentist treats our teeth problems. In this sentence, which is the plural word?

- A) Teeth**                          B) Tooth (Incorrect)  
C) Vinay                          D) Dentist

16. Pronouns (ex: he, she, her) can be used in the place of \_\_\_\_\_.

- A) Spellings                      B) Adjective  
C) Verb                              **D) Naming words (Correct)**

17. They? is used when we want to refer to \_\_\_\_.

- A) He                              B) She  
**C) Many people (Correct)** D) Our

18. The pronoun 'I' is used for \_\_\_\_\_.

- A) Many                          **B) Myself (Correct)**  
C) Other                          D) That

19. Ramesh is working in Chennai. \_\_\_\_likes the office environment.

- A) **He (Correct)**                      B) It  
C) That                                      D) What

20. Sita and I are friends. \_\_\_\_stays in Gandhi Bazar.

- A) What                                      B) **She**  
C) A    D) And (Incorrect)

21. Action words are also called \_\_\_\_.

- A) Center                                      B) Are  
C) **Verbs (Correct)**                      D) Is

22. Verbs tell the action of the \_\_\_\_.

- A) Cow    B) Change  
C) Act (Incorrect)                      D) **Naming words**

23. Kim fell from her bike yesterday. The action in the sentence is in\_\_\_\_\_?tense.

- A) Future                                      B) **Past**  
C) Present (Incorrect)                      D) Clear

24. 'It is going to be a sunny day tomorrow'. The action in this sentence is in \_\_\_\_\_tense.

- A) **Future**                                      B) Past  
C) Date    D) Day (Incorrect)

25. Arun travels to school by bus. The action word in the sentence is \_\_\_\_.

- A) bus    B) **travels (Correct)**  
C) school    D) Arun

26. Adjectives are \_\_\_\_words.

- A) Sound    B) Finish  
C) **Describing (Correct)**                      D) Neutral

27. Describing words add more information to the \_\_?.

- A) **Naming words (Correct)** B) Bad  
C) Sad    D) Numbers

28. It is a \_\_\_\_?knife. Fill in the correct adjective.

- A) this    B) **sharp (Correct)**  
C) and    D) there

29. 'The sea is blue'. In this sentence \_\_\_\_is an adjective.

- A) sea    B) the  
C) is    D) **blue (Correct)**

30. 'Arjun filled water into a large pot'. In this sentence the

describing word is \_\_\_\_\_.

- A) **large**    B) Arjun (Incorrect)  
C) water    D) into

31. The punctuation in a sentence makes the meaning\_\_\_\_\_?to understand.

- A) ambiguous                                      B) unclear  
C) think    D) **clear (Correct)**

32. The beginning of a sentence should start with \_\_\_\_\_letter

- A) **Capital (Correct)**                      B) Small  
C) Cursive    D) Italics

33. Comma is used to show a \_\_\_\_within the sentence.

- A) Full stop    B) Pair  
C) **Break**    D) Capital letter (Incorrect)

34. Sita wanted to ask Nina about her summer plan. Choose the correct answer.

- A) Nina is your plan.                              B) **Nina, what is your summer plan? (Correct)**  
C) What Nina asked?                              D) None of these

35. Add comma wherever it is necessary. After the meeting we will go out.

- A) After, the meeting, we will go out.      B) **After the meeting, we will go out. (Correct)**  
C) After the, meeting we will go, out.      D) After the meeting we will go out.

36. Sentences are\_\_\_\_\_.

- A) **group of words with complete meaning**      B) Verbs  
C) Nouns    D) Letters (Incorrect)

37. A declarative sentence tells us some information or explanation. It ends with \_\_\_\_\_.

- A) Comma (,)    B) Question mark (?)  
C) **Full stop (.) (Correct)**                      D) Exclamatory mark (!)

38. An exclamatory sentence ends with the \_\_\_\_.

- A) Full stop (.) (Incorrect)                      B) Comma (,)  
C) Question mark (?)                              D) **Exclamatory mark (!)**

39. Wow! The flowers in the park are beautiful. This is a\_\_\_\_\_?sentence.

- A) Declarative (.)                                      B) **Exclamatory (!)**  
C) Imperative (Incorrect)                      D) Interrogative (?)



sentences when she explains the lesson. How does it help the students?

- A) Speak  
C) Write
- B) Recollect what she said**  
D) Read (Incorrect)

61. Things or activities that we enjoy are \_\_\_?

- A) Dislikes  
C) Emotions
- B) Negative (Incorrect)  
**D) Likes**

62. Dislikes are things towards which we have \_\_\_?

- A) Negative emotion (Correct)**  
C) Likes
- B) Positive emotion  
D) Interests

63. I adore? phrase is used to express \_\_\_ of something.

- A) A dislike  
**C) A strong admiration (Correct)**
- B) A bad feeling  
D) A poor admiration

64. Naveen is fond of dogs, but Sheetal hates dogs. In this sentence who likes dogs?

- A) Sheetal  
C) Both Sheetal and Naveen
- B) Naveen**  
D) Dog (Incorrect)

65. Smith! Would you like playing cricket or football this evening? If Smith likes to play both how will he answer? \_\_\_? playing any of them.

- A) I don't mind (Correct)**  
C) I want
- B) I hate  
D) I won't

66. Formal greetings are used in \_\_\_\_\_.

- A) Family (Incorrect)  
C) House
- B) Workplace**  
D) Friends

67. \_\_\_ greetings are used while speaking to friends and family.

- A) Formal (Incorrect)  
**C) Informal**
- B) Due  
D) No

68. Which of these is an informal greeting?

- A) Good day  
C) Good evening
- B) Good morning (Incorrect)  
**D) Hey**

69. Malini is attending her new school today. She introduces herself as \_\_\_\_\_.

- A) Good bye  
C) What's up guys
- B) Hello everyone! (Correct)**  
D) Longtime everyone

70. Sanju met her cousin Keerti accidentally in a mall. How

should she greet her?

- A) Long time, no see!**  
C) Thank you! (Incorrect)
- B) What are you doing here?  
D) Take care!

71. When you ask someone something it is \_\_\_\_\_.

- A) Answer  
**C) Question (Correct)**
- B) Blank  
D) Response

72. Question always end with a \_\_\_\_\_?

- A) Comma ,  
C) Exclamation mark !
- B) Question mark ? (Correct)**  
D) Full stop .

73. \_\_\_ questions give clear indication of the information the person wants to know.

- A) Wh-**  
C) No
- B) Yes or No  
D) Closed questions (Incorrect)

74. Vinutha was questioned whether she has completed her degree in an interview. How should she respond stating that she has completed?

- A) Yes  
**C) Yes, I have completed my degree (Correct)**
- B) No  
D) Completed my degree

75. Tutor asked his student whether he knew to use Windows? How should the student answer?

- A) Done  
C) Yup
- B) Yes, I know how to use Windows (Correct)**  
D) I will know

76. When two or more people give their thoughts and views on a topic. It is called a \_\_\_\_\_.

- A) Speaking  
C) Reading (Incorrect)
- B) Listening  
**D) Group discussion**

77. Group discussion helps us \_\_\_\_\_?

- A) argue  
C) create problems
- B) have fun  
**D) learn more and solve big problems (Correct)**

78. Which of these should not be used to express your opinion in a group discussion?

- A) It seems to me that  
C) In my opinion (Incorrect)
- B) Listen to me**  
D) I don't quite agree

79. Mahesh and his team discussed about the steps to be followed to complete the project at the earliest. He was happy with the suggestions given by his teammates and granted to follow the same. How would he convey it?

- A) I agree with your plan of action (Correct)** B) You must follow what I tell you  
C) Don't come here to talk D) I don't agree with your plan

80. Rita had to attend a group discussion on behalf of her company. What is she supposed to do before the meeting?

- A) Attend party B) Attend classes  
**C) Be prepared about the topic (Correct)** D) Take leave

81. A person who makes a call \_\_\_\_\_

- A) Keypad B) **Caller**  
C) Phase D) Contacts (Incorrect)

82. Receiver is a person who \_\_\_\_\_ the call.

- A) Blocks B) Dials (Incorrect)  
**C) Receives** D) Rejects

83. Phone call has \_\_\_\_\_ phases

- A) End B) Middle  
C) Different (Incorrect) D) **Three**

84. Bindu receives a call from JJ company promoting a discount sale. She couldn't clearly hear the details. How is she supposed to ask the person to repeat the information?

- A) What is it? B) **Could you please repeat? (Correct)**  
C) Speak loud D) I don't know

85. Harish made a call to the Senior manager in a company. How is he supposed to start the conversation.?

- A) Greet the person (Correct)** B) Purpose of call  
C) Thank the person D) Good bye

86. Document which has details of a job is \_\_\_\_\_.

- A) Letter (Incorrect) B) Resume  
**C) Job Description** D) Report

87. Job title is the name of \_\_\_\_\_.

- A) Company name B) **Role you join**  
C) Company Job (Incorrect) D) Summary

88. Location for the job means \_\_\_\_\_.

- A) Title B) Description  
C) Name D) **Place (Correct)**

89. Ravi read job description which specified 'Familiarity with MS office'. What should he know?

- A) How to write an email (Incorrect) B) How to get certification  
**C) How to use MS Office** D) How to study

90. Shyam and Ram applied for the same job. Shyam read the job description in detail and made note of important details. Who will know more about the company?

- A) Ram B) **Shyam**  
C) Both of them (Incorrect) D) None of them

91. If you work in a large & popular company, what type of information is good to share about the workplace?

- A) Type of job & Company name (Correct)** B) Name of the workplace alone  
C) Location D) None of these

92. Which of these is not a positive word about your work?

- A) Fun B) Exciting  
**C) Boring** D) Interesting (Incorrect)

93. A person who works with us is called a \_\_\_\_\_.

- A) Friend B) **Coworker**  
C) Family (Incorrect) D) Relative

94. Ram is answering an interview question about his previous workplace. He didn't like his teammates. They argued a lot. Should he share this with the interviewer?

- A) Yes, he should blame his team-mates for all the problems. B) **No, he should avoid speaking negatively about his teammates. (Correct)**  
C) Yes, he should discuss all the arguments in detail. D) Yes, why not!

95. Ryan wants to speak to HR about his work. He should specify the name of his job, place of work and \_\_\_\_\_.

- A) Team mates B) Senior name  
C) His needs (Incorrect) D) **Some information about his responsibilities**

96. Most of the government job calls will be in \_\_\_\_\_ format.

- A) Paper format** B) Direct  
C) Indirect D) In person (Incorrect)

97. An introduction letter is a \_\_\_\_\_.

- A) E-mail B) **Cover letter (Correct)**  
C) Leave Letter D) Resume

98. When you are interested in working for a company, you will write \_\_\_\_\_ letter

- A) an Application (Incorrect) B) a Referral  
C) a Leave D) **a Prospecting**

99. Latha's uncle works at the company where she has applied for a job. He offered to refer her for the position. What type of cover letter should Latha write to increase her chances of being considered for the job?

- A) Referral Cover Letter  
B) Letter of interest (Incorrect)  
C) Leave letter  
D) Letter of absence

100. Shilpa is applying for a job online. She sends her application by email. What is she supposed to mention in the subject line to make it easy for the employer to find her email?

- A) Shilpa - Age  
B) Shilpa - Job Position (Correct)  
C) Education qualification  
D) Previous experience

101. Which of the following options is an Employability Skill?

- A) Good Interview Skills  
B) Good Communication Skills (Incorrect)  
C) Digital Skills  
D) All of these

102. An employee is someone who\_\_\_\_\_.

- A) Goes to school to study  
B) Does not work  
C) Works for a salary (Correct)  
D) Goes to play

103. Which are the two skills needed for good career growth?

- A) Watching TV & Making friends  
B) Traveling & Shopping  
C) Playing video games & cooking skills  
D) Technical Skills & Employability Skills (Correct)

104. Gopi is always willing to learn and improve in his work. He has a\_\_\_\_\_?

- A) Fixed mindset  
B) Certificate  
C) Growth mindset (Correct)  
D) Marksheet

105. What are Employability Skills?

- A) Skills used only in sports  
B) Skills needed to be successfully employed  
C) Skills for good communication (Incorrect)  
D) Skills for playing video games

106. When we learn something online, it is called \_\_\_\_\_.

- A) Classroom learning  
B) Teaching  
C) E-learning  
D) Digital marketing (Incorrect)

107. Which of these is an advantage of learning online?

- A) Learn anytime & anywhere (Correct)  
B) Make friends with classmates

- C) No need to study  
D) Have shorter classes

108. Which of these is an e-learning portal?

- A) ASEEM  
B) Bharat Skills Portal (Correct)  
C) NAPS portal  
D) Netflix

109. Ram works as a fitter in a company. He wants to upgrade his trade skills and employability skills in his free time. What should he do?

- A) Play sports  
B) Watch news (Incorrect)  
C) Find courses: online or offline  
D) Quit job

110. Zeena wants to enroll for an e-learning course. The most important thing she needs is a\_\_\_\_\_.

- A) Book (Incorrect)  
B) Pen  
C) Mobile phone or Computer  
D) Library card

111. In today's world, \_\_\_\_\_ have become a basic skill requirement in many jobs.

- A) Acting skills  
B) Digital skills (Correct)  
C) Painting skills  
D) Dancing skills

112. \_\_\_\_\_ jobs help to reduce pollution, preserve the environment and the planet.

- A) Software  
B) Hardware (Incorrect)  
C) Green  
D) Part-time

113. Green Jobs are important because\_\_\_\_\_.

- A) they help protect the environment (Correct)  
B) they harm the environment  
C) they pay more money  
D) they require no skill

114. Geetha has just completed her education. She joined a basic English course to improve her \_\_\_\_\_ skills.

- A) Technical  
B) Digital  
C) Communication (Correct)  
D) Problem solving

115. Ram wants to start his own business. He is considering two options - opening an audio cassette shop or starting an online retail business. Which of these options would you suggest?

- A) Online retail  
B) Audio cassette shop (Incorrect)  
C) Anything is fine  
D) Video rental store

116. A person with a growth mindset is always willing to \_\_\_\_\_ . | ಬೆಳವಣಿಗೆಯ ಮನಸ್ಥಿತಿ ಹೊಂದಿರುವ ವ್ಯಕ್ತಿಯು ಯಾವಾಗಲೂ \_\_\_\_\_ ಸಿದ್ಧರಿದ್ದಾರೆ.

A) relax | ವಿಶ್ರಾಂತಿ (Incorrect) B) grow, change, learn | ಬೆಳೆಯಿರಿ, ಬದಲಿಸಿ, ಕಲಿಯಿರಿ

C) keep quiet | ಮೌನವಾಗಿರಿ D) become rich | ಶ್ರೀಮಂತರಾಗುತ್ತಾರೆ

117. Jobs that have become outdated in the past 5 years \_\_\_\_\_ | ಕಳೆದ 5 ವರ್ಷಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಹಳತಾದ ಕೆಲಸಗಳು \_\_\_\_\_

A) STD booth | STD ಬೂತ್ B) ola | ಓಲ

C) uber | ಉಬರ್ (Incorrect) D) swiggy | ಸ್ವಿಗ್ಗಿ

118. To be in a job or work is \_\_\_\_\_. | ಕೆಲಸ ಅಥವಾ ಕೆಲಸದಲ್ಲಿ ಇರುವುದು ಎಂದರೆ \_\_\_\_\_

A) employ | ಉದ್ಯೋಗಿ B) skill | ಕೌಶಲ್ಯ (Incorrect)

C) knowledge | ಜ್ಞಾನ D) aptitude | ಯೋಗ್ಯತೆ

119. Ethics means \_\_\_\_\_. | ನೀತಿಶಾಸ್ತ್ರ ಎಂದರೆ \_\_\_\_\_

A) decide what is right and wrong for a human conduct | ಮಾನವ ನಡವಳಿಕೆಗೆ ಯಾವುದು ಸರಿ ಮತ್ತು ತಪ್ಪು ಎಂದು ನಿರ್ಧರಿಸಿ B) name of a city | ಒಂದು ನಗರದ ಹೆಸರು

C) employability skills | ಉದ್ಯೋಗ ಕೌಶಲ್ಯಗಳು (Incorrect) D) not relevant to society | ಸಮಾಜಕ್ಕೆ ಸಂಬಂಧಿಸಿಲ್ಲ

120. \_\_\_\_\_ is a brief statement about purpose and principles of the constitution. | \_\_\_\_\_ ಸಂವಿಧಾನದ ಉದ್ದೇಶ ಮತ್ತು ತತ್ವಗಳ ಸಂಕ್ಷಿಪ್ತ ಹೇಳಿಕೆಯಾಗಿದೆ.

A) Syllabus | ಪಠ್ಯಕ್ರಮ B) Module | ಮಾಡ್ಯೂಲ್

C) The preamble | ಪೀಠಿಕೆ (Correct) D) Unit | ಘಟಕ

121. Identify the improper term. | ಅಸಮರ್ಪಕ ಪದವನ್ನು ಗುರುತಿಸಿ.

A) Green pollution | ಹಸಿರು ಮಾಲಿನ್ಯ (Correct) B) Water pollution | ಜಲ ಮಾಲಿನ್ಯ

C) Air pollution | ವಾಯು ಮಾಲಿನ್ಯ D) Sound pollution | ಧ್ವನಿ ಮಾಲಿನ್ಯ

122. Values are \_\_\_\_\_. | ಮೌಲ್ಯಗಳು \_\_\_\_\_

A) not punctual | ಸಮಯಪ್ರಜ್ಞೆಯಿಲ್ಲ B) motivates our attitude and action | ನಮ್ಮ ವರ್ತನೆ ಮತ್ತು ಕ್ರಿಯೆಯನ್ನು ಪ್ರೇರೇಪಿಸುತ್ತದೆ

C) very costly | ಬಹಳ ದುಬಾರಿ D) all have same value | ಎಲ್ಲಾ ಒಂದೇ ಮೌಲ್ಯವನ್ನು ಹೊಂದಿವೆ (Incorrect)

123. When is capital letter used? | ದೊಡ್ಡ ಅಕ್ಷರವನ್ನು ಯಾವಾಗ ಬಳಸಲಾಗುತ್ತದೆ?

A) Beginning of a sentence | ಒಂದು ವಾಕ್ಯದ ಆರಂಭ B) Names of persons | ವ್ಯಕ್ತಿಗಳ ಹೆಸರುಗಳು (Incorrect)

C) Names of places | ಸ್ಥಳಗಳ ಹೆಸರುಗಳು D) All the above | ಮೇಲಿನ ಎಲ್ಲಾ

124. When you greet higher official's such as Teacher, Instructor or Supervisor, you should use \_\_\_\_\_. | ಶಿಕ್ಷಕ, ಬೋಧಕ ಅಥವಾ ಮೇಲ್ವಿಚಾರಕನಂತಹ ಉನ್ನತ ಅಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳನ್ನು ನೀವು ಸ್ವಾಗತಿಸಿದಾಗ, ನೀವು \_\_\_\_\_ ಅನ್ನು ಬಳಸಬೇಕು

A) Good morning (Correct) B) Hello

C) Hey D) Hi

125. The word □ when □ denotes \_\_\_\_\_. | when (ಯಾವಾಗ) □ ಎಂಬ ಪದವು \_\_\_\_\_ ಅನ್ನು ಸೂಚಿಸುತ್ತದೆ

A) place | ಸ್ಥಳ B) thing | ವಿಷಯ

C) person | ವ್ಯಕ್ತಿ D) time | ಸಮಯ (Correct)

126. Which one is a "Don't" of discussion etiquette? | ಮುಕ್ತ ಮನಸ್ಸಿನವರಾಗಿರಿ?

A) Be open minded | ಮುಕ್ತ ಮನಸ್ಸಿನವರಾಗಿರಿ B) Use moderate tone | ಮಧ್ಯಮ ಸ್ವರವನ್ನು ಬಳಸಿ (Incorrect)

C) Listen to others | ಇತರರ ಮಾತುಗಳನ್ನು ಕೇಳಿ D) Argue unnecessary | ಅನಗತ್ಯವಾದ

127. Fill in the blank with proper pronoun. "She made this cake \_\_\_\_\_. | ಸರಿಯಾದ ಸರ್ವನಾಮದೊಂದಿಗೆ ಖಾಲಿ ತುಂಬಿಸಿ. "She made this cake \_\_\_\_\_"

A) itself B) myself

C) herself (Correct) D) himself

128. After receiving interview call, what is the next step? | ಸಂದರ್ಶನ ಕರೆ ಸ್ವೀಕರಿಸಿದ ನಂತರ, ಮುಂದಿನ ಹಂತ ಯಾವುದು?

A) Send application letter | ಅರ್ಜಿ ಪತ್ರ ಕಳುಹಿಸಿ B) Prepare the resume | ಪುನರಾರಂಭವನ್ನು ತಯಾರಿಸಿ

C) Appear at interview | ಸಂದರ್ಶನದಲ್ಲಿ ಕಾಣಿಸಿಕೊಳ್ಳಿ D) Send resume | ಪುನರಾರಂಭವನ್ನು ಕಳುಹಿಸಿ (Incorrect)

129. Fill in the blank with comparative adjective. "Your pencil is \_\_\_\_\_ than mine". | ತುಲನಾತ್ಮಕ ವಿಶೇಷಣದೊಂದಿಗೆ ಖಾಲಿ ತುಂಬಿಸಿ. "Your pencil is \_\_\_\_\_ than mine"

A) sharp B) sharper

C) blunt D) thick (Incorrect)

130. Fill in the blank with suitable adjective for the given sentence "The little girl's \_\_\_\_\_ eyes revealed her mischief". | ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವ ವಾಕ್ಯಕ್ಕೆ ಸೂಕ್ತವಾದ ವಿಶೇಷಣದೊಂದಿಗೆ ಖಾಲಿ ತುಂಬಿರಿ "The little girl's \_\_\_\_\_ eyes revealed her mischief"

A) chubby B) weak

C) short sighted D) twinkling (Correct)

131. Which one is an exclamatory sentence? | ಆಶ್ಚರ್ಯಕರ ವಾಕ್ಯ ಯಾವುದು?

- A) What a beautiful house it is! | B) It is a beautiful house. (Incorrect)  
C) Is it a beautiful house? | D) Your house is beautiful.

132. Fill in the blank with proper interrogative adjective. \_\_\_\_\_ are you going | ಸರಿಯಾದ ಪ್ರಶ್ನಾರ್ಹ ವಿಶೇಷಣದೊಂದಿಗೆ ಖಾಲಿ ತುಂಬಿರಿ. \_\_\_\_\_ are you going?

- A) Who (Incorrect) | B) Where  
C) Which | D) What

133. Which one of the following is a describing word? | ಕೆಳಗಿನವುಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಯಾವುದು ವಿವರಿಸುವ ಪದವಾಗಿದೆ?

- A) Eat | ತಿನ್ನು | B) Repair | ದುರಸ್ತಿ  
C) Hot | ಬಿಸಿ (Correct) | D) Soup | ಸೂಪ್

134. Which one is NOT a benefit of the role playing? | ಪಾತ್ರ ನಿರ್ವಹಣೆಯ ಪ್ರಯೋಜನ ಯಾವುದು?

- A) Builds confidence | ಆತ್ಮವಿಶ್ವಾಸವನ್ನು ಹೆಚ್ಚಿಸುತ್ತದೆ | B) Develops listening skill | ಕೇಳುವ ಕೌಶಲ್ಯವನ್ನು ಅಭಿವೃದ್ಧಿಪಡಿಸುತ್ತದೆ (Incorrect)  
C) Develops creative problem-solving skill | ಸೃಜನಾತ್ಮಕ ಸಮಸ್ಯೆ ಪರಿಹರಿಸುವ ಕೌಶಲ್ಯವನ್ನು ಅಭಿವೃದ್ಧಿಪಡಿಸುತ್ತದೆ | D) Develops boredom | ಬೇಸರವನ್ನು ಅಭಿವೃದ್ಧಿಪಡಿಸುತ್ತದೆ

135. Which one is NOT a vowel? | ಯಾವುದು ಸ್ವರ ಅಲ್ಲ?

- A) a | B) e  
C) f (Correct) | D) i

136. A written description of duties and responsibilities to be carried out in a job is called \_\_\_\_\_. | ಕೆಲಸದಲ್ಲಿ ನಿರ್ವಹಿಸಬೇಕಾದ ಕರ್ತವ್ಯಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ಜವಾಬ್ದಾರಿಗಳ ಲಿಖಿತ ವಿವರಣೆಯನ್ನು \_\_\_\_\_ ಎಂದು ಕರೆಯಲಾಗುತ್ತದೆ

- A) CV | B) job description | ಕೆಲಸದ ವಿವರ  
C) resume | ಪುನರಾರಂಭ (Incorrect) | D) job application | ಕೆಲಸದ ಅರ್ಜಿ

137. Choose the correct punctuation mark after the word "Rohan" in the given sentence. "Rohan David and Ram are playing hide and seek" | ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವ ವಾಕ್ಯದಲ್ಲಿ □ರೋಹನ್□ ಪದದ ನಂತರ ಸರಿಯಾದ ವಿರಾಮ ಚಿಹ್ನೆಯನ್ನು ಆರಿಸಿ. □ರೋಹನ್ ಡೇವಿಡ್ ಮತ್ತು ರಾಮ್ ಅಡಗಿಕೊಂಡು ಆಡುತ್ತಿದ್ದಾರೆ□

- A) Comma (,) | B) Period (.)  
C) Slash (/) (Incorrect) | D) Hyphen (-)

138. Choose the odd word. | odd (ಬೆಸ) ಪದವನ್ನು ಆರಿಸಿ.

- A) please | B) sorry

C) paper (Correct)

D) thanks

139. Re-arrange the following set of words into meaningful sentence. "teacher / school / worked / she / a / as" \_\_\_\_\_ | ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಪದಗಳ ಗುಂಪನ್ನು ಅರ್ಥಪೂರ್ಣ ವಾಕ್ಯವಾಗಿ ಮರು ಜೋಡಿಸಿ. "teacher / school / worked / she / a / as" \_\_\_\_\_

A) school worked as a she teacher | ಶಾಲೆ ಅವಳು ಶಿಕ್ಷಕಿಯಾಗಿ ಕೆಲಸ ಮಾಡುತ್ತಿದ್ದಳು

B) she worked as a school teacher | ಅವಳು ಶಾಲಾ ಶಿಕ್ಷಕಿಯಾಗಿ ಕೆಲಸ ಮಾಡುತ್ತಿದ್ದಳು (Correct)

C) she teacher worked as a school | ಅವಳು ಶಿಕ್ಷಕ ಶಾಲೆಯಾಗಿ ಕೆಲಸ ಮಾಡುತ್ತಿದ್ದಳು

D) worked she as a school teacher | ಅವಳು ಶಾಲಾ ಶಿಕ್ಷಕಿಯಾಗಿ ಕೆಲಸ ಮಾಡುತ್ತಿದ್ದಳು

140. Which punctuation mark should be used in the following sentence? Is there any site engineer here. | ಕೆಳಗಿನ ವಾಕ್ಯದಲ್ಲಿ ಯಾವ punctuation mark (ವಿರಾಮಚಿಹ್ನೆಯನ್ನು) ಬಳಸಬೇಕು? Is there any site engineer here

A) ? (question mark) (Correct)

B) , (comma)

C) . (full stop)

D) ! (exclamation)

141. Fill in the correct question word. "\_\_\_\_\_ is the speaker at the function". | ಸರಿಯಾದ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆ ಪದವನ್ನು ಭರ್ತಿ ಮಾಡಿ. "\_\_\_\_\_ is the speaker at the function?"

A) What (Incorrect)  
C) Why

B) When  
D) Who

142. Fill in the blank with proper pronoun. "I made this cake \_\_\_\_\_". | ಸರಿಯಾದ ಸರ್ವನಾಮದೊಂದಿಗೆ ಖಾಲಿ ತುಂಬಿ. "I made this cake \_\_\_\_\_"

A) myself (Correct)  
C) himself

B) yourself  
D) itself

143. Choose the correct tense of the verb. "I \_\_\_\_\_ music when I was child". | ಕ್ರಿಯಾಪದದ ಸರಿಯಾದ ಉದ್ವಿಗ್ನತೆಯನ್ನು ಆರಿಸಿ. "I \_\_\_\_\_ music when I was child"

A) learn  
C) will learn

B) am learning  
D) had learnt (Correct)

144. Fill in the blank with correct future tense of verb. "We \_\_\_\_\_ to the zoo after Breakfast ". | ಭವಿಷ್ಯದ ಭವಿಷ್ಯದ ಕ್ರಿಯಾಪದದೊಂದಿಗೆ ಖಾಲಿ ತುಂಬಿರಿ. "We \_\_\_\_\_ to the zoo after Breakfast "

A) went (Incorrect)  
C) had gone

B) are going  
D) will go

145. Fill in the blank with present progressive tense of the verb. "The train \_\_\_\_\_ through the tunnel". | ಕ್ರಿಯಾಪದದ ಪ್ರಸ್ತುತ ಪ್ರಗತಿಶೀಲ ಉದ್ವಿಗ್ನತೆಯೊಂದಿಗೆ ಖಾಲಿ ತುಂಬಿರಿ. "The train \_\_\_\_\_ through the tunnel"

A) passed

B) is passing

C) had passed (Incorrect)

D) was passing

C) Strong World Olympic Team

D) Strength Weakness Opportunity Threat (Correct)

146. Which of these is a sign of good stress? | ಇವುಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಯಾವುದು ಉತ್ತಮ ಒತ್ತಡದ ಸಂಕೇತವಾಗಿದೆ?

A) It prevents you from pursuing your goals | ಇದು ನಿಮ್ಮ ಗುರಿಗಳನ್ನು ಅನುಸರಿಸುವುದನ್ನು ತಡೆಯುತ್ತದೆ

B) It makes you doubt yourself | ಇದು ನಿಮ್ಮನ್ನು ಅನುಮಾನಿಸುತ್ತದೆ

C) Does not lead to long-term tension, loss of sleep | ದೀರ್ಘಾವಧಿಯ ಒತ್ತಡ, ನಿದ್ರೆಯ ನಷ್ಟಕ್ಕೆ ಕಾರಣವಾಗುವುದಿಲ್ಲ

D) Makes you physically ill or causes pain | ನಿಮ್ಮನ್ನು ದೈಹಿಕವಾಗಿ ಅಸ್ವಸ್ಥರನ್ನಾಗಿ ಮಾಡುತ್ತದೆ ಅಥವಾ ನೋವನ್ನು ಉಂಟುಮಾಡುತ್ತದೆ (Incorrect)

147. An activity that stops or reduces stress is called a stress buster. Which of the following according to you is not a stress buster? | ಒತ್ತಡವನ್ನು ನಿಲ್ಲಿಸುವ ಅಥವಾ ಕಡಿಮೆ ಮಾಡುವ ಚಟುವಟಿಕೆಯನ್ನು ಒತ್ತಡ ಬಸ್ಟರ್ ಎಂದು ಕರೆಯಲಾಗುತ್ತದೆ. ನಿಮ್ಮ ಪ್ರಕಾರ ಈ ಕೆಳಗಿನವುಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಯಾವುದು ಸ್ಟ್ರೆಸ್ ಬಸ್ಟರ್ ಅಲ್ಲ?

A) Spending long hours thinking about the problem | ಸಮಸ್ಯೆಯ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ದೀರ್ಘಕಾಲ ಯೋಚಿಸುವುದು. (Correct)

B) Going to bed on time | ಸಮಯಕ್ಕೆ ಸರಿಯಾಗಿ ಮಲಗುವುದು.

C) Listening to music | ಹಾಡು ಕೇಳುತ್ತಿದ್ದೇನೆ

D) Gardening | ತೋಟಗಾರಿಕೆ

148. \_\_\_\_\_ are the abilities and qualities you have as a person that helps you grow well in life and career. | \_\_\_\_\_ ಒಬ್ಬ ವ್ಯಕ್ತಿಯಾಗಿ ನೀವು ಹೊಂದಿರುವ ಸಾಮರ್ಥ್ಯಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ಗುಣಗಳು ಜೀವನ ಮತ್ತು ವೃತ್ತಿಜೀವನದಲ್ಲಿ ಉತ್ತಮವಾಗಿ ಬೆಳೆಯಲು ಸಹಾಯ ಮಾಡುತ್ತದೆ.

A) Personal strengths | ವೈಯಕ್ತಿಕ ಸಾಮರ್ಥ್ಯಗಳು (Correct)

B) Personal weaknesses | ವೈಯಕ್ತಿಕ ದೌರ್ಬಲ್ಯಗಳು

C) Opportunities | ಅವಕಾಶಗಳು D) Threats | ಬೆದರಿಕೆಗಳು

149. Which of these should be considered while making decisions? | ನಿರ್ಧಾರಗಳನ್ನು ತೆಗೆದುಕೊಳ್ಳುವಾಗ ಇವುಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಯಾವುದನ್ನು ಪರಿಗಣಿಸಬೇಕು?

A) Your mood | ನಿಮ್ಮ ಮನಸ್ಥಿತಿ

B) The choices of your friends | ನಿಮ್ಮ ಸ್ನೇಹಿತರ ಆಯ್ಕೆಗಳು

C) The rules of your community | ನಿಮ್ಮ ಸಮುದಾಯದ ನಿಯಮಗಳು (Incorrect)

D) Your personal priorities | ನಿಮ್ಮ ವೈಯಕ್ತಿಕ ಆದ್ಯತೆಗಳು

150. Which of these is the full form of SWOT? | ಇವುಗಳಲ್ಲಿ SWOT ನ ಪೂರ್ಣ ರೂಪ ಯಾವುದು?

A) Special Wellness Organization Theme

B) Speak Work Openly Together

151. Which of these statements is true? | ಈ ಹೇಳಿಕೆಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಯಾವುದು ನಿಜ?

A) All jobs are available in all cities | ಎಲ್ಲಾ ಉದ್ಯೋಗಗಳು ಎಲ್ಲಾ ನಗರಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಲಭ್ಯವಿದೆ (Incorrect)

B) Some cities have more opportunities than others for certain job roles | ಕೆಲವು ನಗರಗಳು ಕೆಲವು ಉದ್ಯೋಗದ ಪಾತ್ರಗಳಿಗೆ ಇತರರಿಗಿಂತ ಹೆಚ್ಚಿನ ಅವಕಾಶಗಳನ್ನು ಹೊಂದಿವೆ

C) Salary in metro cities is always higher than small towns | ಮೆಟ್ರೋ ನಗರಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಸಂಬಳ ಯಾವಾಗಲೂ ಸಣ್ಣ ಪಟ್ಟಣಗಳಿಗಿಂತ ಹೆಚ್ಚಾಗಿರುತ್ತದೆ

D) Only a few cities have job opportunities | ಕೆಲವು ನಗರಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಮಾತ್ರ ಉದ್ಯೋಗಾವಕಾಶಗಳಿವೆ

152. What is mindfulness? | ಸಾವಧಾನತೆ ಎಂದರೇನು?

A) It is the technique of not minding anything | ಯಾವುದಕ್ಕೂ ತಲೆಕೆಡಿಸಿಕೊಳ್ಳದ ತಂತ್ರವಿದು. (Incorrect)

B) It is about sharpening your brain | ಇದು ನಿಮ್ಮ ಮೆದುಳನ್ನು ಚುರುಕುಗೊಳಿಸುವುದಾಗಿದೆ

C) It is the ability to be fully present in a moment | ಇದು ಒಂದು ಕ್ಷಣದಲ್ಲಿ ಸಂಪೂರ್ಣವಾಗಿ ಇರುವ ಸಾಮರ್ಥ್ಯ

D) It is the word used to describe people who are full of thoughts | ಇದು ಆಲೋಚನೆಗಳಿಂದ ತುಂಬಿರುವ ಜನರನ್ನು ವಿವರಿಸಲು ಬಳಸುವ ಪದವಾಗಿದೆ

153. Having a clear idea of our personality including strengths, weaknesses, thoughts, beliefs, motivation, values etc is called \_\_\_\_\_. | ಸಾಮರ್ಥ್ಯಗಳು, ದೌರ್ಬಲ್ಯಗಳು, ಆಲೋಚನೆಗಳು, ನಂಬಿಕೆಗಳು, ಪ್ರೇರಣೆ, ಮೌಲ್ಯಗಳು ಇತ್ಯಾದಿಗಳನ್ನು ಒಳಗೊಂಡಂತೆ ನಮ್ಮ ವ್ಯಕ್ತಿತ್ವದ ಸ್ಪಷ್ಟ ಕಲ್ಪನೆಯನ್ನು ಹೊಂದಿರುವುದನ್ನು \_\_\_\_\_ ಎಂದು ಕರೆಯಲಾಗುತ್ತದೆ.

A) belief | ನಂಬಿಕೆ

B) self awareness | ಸ್ವಯಂ ಅರಿವು

C) myth | ಪುರಾಣ

D) threat | ಬೆದರಿಕೆ (Incorrect)

154. Which of the following is true about stress? | ಒತ್ತಡದ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಈ ಕೆಳಗಿನವುಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಯಾವುದು ನಿಜ?

A) Stress can be managed | ಒತ್ತಡವನ್ನು ನಿಭಾಯಿಸಬಹುದು

B) Stress cannot be controlled | ಒತ್ತಡವನ್ನು ನಿಯಂತ್ರಿಸಲಾಗುವುದಿಲ್ಲ (Incorrect)

C) Stress can not be decreased | ಒತ್ತಡವನ್ನು ಕಡಿಮೆ ಮಾಡಲು ಸಾಧ್ಯವಿಲ್ಲ

D) All of the above | ಮೇಲಿನ ಎಲ್ಲವೂ

155. What is a comfort zone? | ಆರಾಮ ವಲಯ ಎಂದರೇನು?

A) It is a place where we go to sleep | ಇದು ನಾವು ಮಲಗಲು ಹೋಗುವ ಸ್ಥಳವಾಗಿದೆ

B) It is a place where children live | ಇದು ಮಕ್ಕಳು ವಾಸಿಸುವ ಸ್ಥಳವಾಗಿದೆ

**C) Our familiar lifestyle and behaviour is our comfort zone | ನಮ್ಮ ಪರಿಚಿತ ಜೀವನಶೈಲಿ ಮತ್ತು ನಡವಳಿಕೆಯು ನಮ್ಮ ಆರಾಮ ವಲಯವಾಗಿದೆ (Correct)**

D) A place designed in airport for resting | ವಿಮಾನ ನಿಲ್ದಾಣದಲ್ಲಿ ವಿಶ್ರಾಂತಿಗಾಗಿ ವಿನ್ಯಾಸಗೊಳಿಸಲಾದ ಸ್ಥಳ

156. Goals are of 2 types \_\_\_\_\_. | ಗುರಿಗಳು 2 ವಿಧಗಳಾಗಿವೆ

A) good and bad goals | ಒಳ್ಳೆಯ ಮತ್ತು ಕೆಟ್ಟ ಗುರಿಗಳು

**B) long-term and short-term goals | ದೀರ್ಘಕಾಲೀನ ಮತ್ತು ಅಲ್ಪಾವಧಿಯ ಗುರಿಗಳು**

C) rich and poor goals | ಶ್ರೀಮಂತ ಮತ್ತು ಕಳಪೆ ಗುರಿಗಳು

D) fixed-term and non-fixed term goals | ಸ್ಥಿರ-ಅವಧಿಯ ಮತ್ತು ಸ್ಥಿರವಲ್ಲದ ಅವಧಿಯ ಗುರಿಗಳು (Incorrect)

157. This intention to move out of one's place to another for better jobs is called \_\_\_\_\_. | ಉತ್ತಮ ಉದ್ಯೋಗಗಳಿಗಾಗಿ ಒಬ್ಬರ ಸ್ಥಳದಿಂದ ಇನ್ನೊಬ್ಬರಿಗೆ ಸ್ಥಳಾಂತರಗೊಳ್ಳುವ ಈ ಉದ್ದೇಶವನ್ನು \_\_\_\_\_ ಎಂದು ಕರೆಯಲಾಗುತ್ತದೆ.

A) mitigation | ತಗ್ಗಿಸುವಿಕೆ

B) litigation | ವ್ಯಾಜ್ಯ

**C) migration | ವಲಸೆ**

D) irrigation | ನೀರಾವರಿ (Incorrect)

158. \_\_\_\_\_ are the qualities that are considered negative, and need to be worked on. | \_\_\_\_\_ ಋಣಾತ್ಮಕವೆಂದು

ಪರಿಗಣಿಸಲಾದ ಗುಣಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ಕೆಲಸ ಮಾಡಬೇಕಾಗಿದೆ.

A) Personal strengths | ವೈಯಕ್ತಿಕ ಸಾಮರ್ಥ್ಯಗಳು (Incorrect)

**B) Personal weaknesses | ವೈಯಕ್ತಿಕ ದೌರ್ಬಲ್ಯಗಳು**

C) Opportunities | ಅವಕಾಶಗಳು D) Threats | ಬೆದರಿಕೆಗಳು

159. What is stress? | ಒತ್ತಡ ಎಂದರೇನು?

A) Feeling of joy | ಸಂತೋಷದ ಭಾವನೆ (Incorrect)

B) Feeling of surprise | ಆಶ್ಚರ್ಯದ ಭಾವನೆ

C) Feeling of delight | ಆನಂದದ ಭಾವನೆ

**D) Feeling of frustration / disappointment | ಹಠಾಶ / ನಿರಾಶೆಯ ಭಾವನೆ**

160. Which among these are not good manners while travelling by public transport? | ಸಾರ್ವಜನಿಕ ಸಾರಿಗೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಪ್ರಯಾಣಿಸುವಾಗ ಇವುಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಯಾವುದು ಉತ್ತಮ ನಡತೆ ಅಲ್ಲ?

**A) Push back our seat without checking with the person on the back seat | ಹಿಂದಿನ ಸೀಟಿನಲ್ಲಿರುವ ವ್ಯಕ್ತಿಯನ್ನು ಪರಿಶೀಲಿಸದೆಯೇ ನಮ್ಮ ಆಸನವನ್ನು ಹಿಂದಕ್ಕೆ ತಳ್ಳಿರಿ**

B) Be polite to fellow passengers and staff | ಸಹ ಪ್ರಯಾಣಿಕರು ಮತ್ತು ಸಿಬ್ಬಂದಿಯೊಂದಿಗೆ ಸೌಜನ್ಯದಿಂದ ವರ್ತಿಸಿ (Incorrect)

C) Follow the instructions of the cabin manager | ಕ್ಯಾಬಿನ್ ವ್ಯವಸ್ಥಾಪಕರ ಸೂಚನೆಗಳನ್ನು ಅನುಸರಿಸಿ

D) Speak in a low voice | ಕಡಿಮೆ ಧ್ವನಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಮಾತನಾಡಿ