

# govt ITI HN PURA

## ITI Quiz - 24-Feb-2026 10:11 AM

Q. ID: ITISKILL7786GV | February 2026

100.00% 52 / 52

Student Name	Jeevan gs	Access Code	1963
Attempt No.	#1	Completion Time	10:18 AM
Rank	#2	Total Questions	52

52 SCORE

52 MAX MARKS

52 CORRECT

0 INCORRECT

### Answer Review

Q1 **CORRECT** Which material is used to make radius gauge?

A. Cast steel

B. Tool steel

C. Hardened steel

D. Stainless steel

Q2 **CORRECT** What is the name of gauge used to check the radius

A. Radius gauge

B. Fillet gauge

C. Plug gauge

D. Feeler gauge

Q3 **CORRECT** Which cutting tools have highest cutting efficiency?

A. Mild steel

B. High carbon steel

C. High speed steel

D. Carbide

Q4 **CORRECT** Which is the cheapest tool material?

A. High carbon steel

B. High speed steel

C. Carbide

D. Diamonds

Q5 **CORRECT** Which is a non-metallic tool material?

A. High carbon steel

B. Diamonds

C. Stellite

D. Carbide

Q6 **CORRECT** Which one is chief constituent of ferrous tool material?

A. Iron

B. Tungsten

C. Vanadium

D. Carbon

Q7 **CORRECT** Which one is example of ferrous tool material?

A. High carbon steel

B. Carbide tool

C. Stellite

D. Diamonds

Q8 **CORRECT** What is the value of tool life index for a cemented carbide tip to machine cast iron component?

A. 0.1

B. 0.125

C. 0.2

D. 0.128

Q9 **CORRECT** What is the tool life index of cemented carbide tool for turning high carbon high chromium die steel?

A. 0.15

B. 0.2

C. 0.4

D. 0.35

Q10 **CORRECT** What does the letter Y stands in the formula  $d = Y \sqrt[2]{s+r}$  in taper measurement?

A. Diameter over rollers at small end

B. Diameter over rollers at big end

C. Radius of the roller

D. Distance from the centre of the roller to the end of the component

Q11 **CORRECT** What does the letter 's' stands in the equation  $d = Y - 2(s+r)$  in taper measurement?

- A. Diameter over the roller at large end
- B. Diameter over the rollers at small end
- C. Radius of the rollers
- D. Distance from the centre of the roller to the end of the component

Q12 **CORRECT** How many precision rollers required for measuring angle of tapered component?

- A. 1
- B. 2
- C. 3
- D. 4

Q13 **CORRECT** What is the recommended cutting speed for turning mild steel using H.S.S tool?

- A. 25-40 m/min
- B. 35-70 m/min
- C. 40-70 m/min
- D. 35-50 m/min

Q14 **CORRECT** What is the recommended feed rate for turning cast iron (grey) using H.S.S tool?

- A. 0.08-0.03 mm/rev
- B. 0.2-1.00 mm/rev
- C. 0.2-1.5 mm/rev
- D. 0.15-0.7 mm/rev

Q15 **CORRECT** How the cutting speed is expressed?

- A. Foot/min
- B. Meter/sec
- C. Meter/min
- D. Revoluation/min

Q16 **CORRECT** What is the recommended cutting speed for aluminium using H.S.S tool?

- A. 70 m/min - 100 m/min
- B. 50 m/min - 80 m/min
- C. 35 m/min - 50 m/min
- D. 25 m/min - 40 m/min

Q17 **CORRECT** How much percentage of cutting speed could be increased by using super HSS tools?

- A. 5% to 10%
- B. 10% to 15%
- C. 15% to 20%
- D. 20% to 25%

Q18 **CORRECT** Which gauge is to be selected for checking the corner radius of the job?

- A. Radius gauge
- B. Fillet gauge
- C. Feeler gauge
- D. Plug gauge

Q19 **CORRECT** Where the follower is fixed to produce from turning?

A. Tool part

B. Top slide

C. Cross slide

D. Tail stook

Q20 **CORRECT** Which gauge is used to check the radius formed at the steps of component?

A. Fillet gauge

B. Radius gauge

C. Feeler gauge

D. Plug gauge

Q21 **CORRECT** What is the term the distance moved by the tool along the work for each revolution?

A. Speed

B. Feed

C. Cutting speed

D. Depth

Q22 **CORRECT** What are the possible surface that can be produced by form turning?

A. To generating concave and convex profile

B. To generating cylindrical surface

C. To generate conical surface

D. To generate flat surface

**Q23** **CORRECT** Which type of tool is suitable to produce form surface in mass production activities?

**A.** Using carbide tipped form tool

**B.** High carbon steel tool

**C.** High speed steel cutting tool

**D.** Using single point cutting tool

**Q24** **CORRECT** What factor is important in free hand form turning?

**A.** Unskilled labour

**B.** Skilled labour

**C.** Sharp tool

**D.** High speed

**Q25** **CORRECT** Which type of jig is used to hold thin and soft parts?

**A.** Plat jig

**B.** Channel jig

**C.** Sandwich jig

**D.** Trunnion jig

**Q26** **CORRECT** Which type of jig is used for large awkward shaped piece part is to drilled in many directions?

**A.** Plate jig

**B.** Post jig

**C.** Table jig

**D.** Trunnion jig

**Q27** **CORRECT** Which is the device that can hold, locate and guide the tool?

**A.** Jig

**B.** Fixture

**C.** Chuck

**D.** Collet chuck

**Q28** **CORRECT** What is the advantage of jig?

**A.** It holds the job

**B.** Hold and locate the work

**C.** Hold, locate and guide the tool

**D.** Cost is very low

**Q29** **CORRECT** What is the special benefit of using a fixture?

**A.** Slower rate of production

**B.** Skilled worker required

**C.** Faster rate of production

**D.** Suitable for small batch production

**Q30** **CORRECT** Which gauge is used to position the cutter before cutting in milling fixture?

**A.** Feeler gauge

**B.** Radius gauge

**C.** Fillet gauge

**D.** Screw pitch gauge

Q31 **CORRECT** Calculated the rpm of spindle if cutting speed  $V$  is 120m/min and the diameter  $D$  of the job is 50 mm?

A. 500 rpm

B. 764 rpm

C. 856 rpm

D. 975 rpm

Q32 **CORRECT** Calculate the spindle speed to turn a 40mm dia M.S rod using a cemented carbide tool it cutting speed is 92mm/min?

A. 508 rpm

B. 685 rpm

C. 731 rpm

D. 950 rpm

Q33 **CORRECT** Calculate the length of metal passing by cutting tool in one revolution if the diameter of work is 75mm and cutting speed is 120m/min.

A. 235.5 mm

B. 295.7 mm

C. 365.3 mm

D. 485.7 mm

Q34 **CORRECT** Find out the R.P.M of spindle for a 50mm bar (D) and cutting speed is 25m/min.

A. 100rpm

B. 159rpm

C. 168rpm

D. 250rpm

**Q35** **CORRECT** Which type of jig locates the piece part from its face?

A. Plate jig

B. Post jig

C. Table jig

D. Solid jig

**Q36** **CORRECT** What defect may occur during grinding a form tool cutting edge?

A. Form tool getting broken

B. Shape of the form gets altered

C. Clearance angle changed

D. Thickness of the tool reduced

**Q37** **CORRECT** What will happen to the tool life if the spindle is running higher speed?

A. Less

B. More

C. Medium

D. Very less

**Q38** **CORRECT** What is the effect, if the cutting speed is more than the recommended?

A. Reduce the tool life

B. Better finish

C. Accurate dimension

D. Normal tool life

Q39 **CORRECT** What is the expanded form of ABC in first aid?

- A. Airway, blood and circulation
- B. Aspiration, blood and circulation
- C. Airway, breathing and circulation
- D. Aspiration, breathing and circulation

Q40 **CORRECT** What is the standard colour code used for identifying the bin for the metal waste material?

- A. Red
- B. Blue
- C. Green
- D. Violet

Q41 **CORRECT** Which safety practice refers, Do not wear the ring?

- A. Road safety
- B. General safety
- C. Machine safety
- D. Personal safety

Q42 **CORRECT** Which one belongs to team work?

- A. Soft skill
- B. Hard skill
- C. Knowledge
- D. Technical skill

Q43 **CORRECT** Which gas is used in Halon extinguisher?

- A. Hydrogen
- B. Carbon dioxide
- C. Carbon monoxide
- D. Carbon tetrachloride

Q44 **CORRECT** Which one is the golden hours related to first aid?

- A. First 15 minutes
- B. First 20 minutes
- C. First 30 minutes
- D. First 45 minutes

Q45 **CORRECT** Which one is the cause for hazard in personal safety?

- A. Long hair
- B. Safety boots
- C. Buttons fastened
- D. Sleeve tightly rolled

Q46 **CORRECT** What is the correct sequence of the operation of a simple fire extinguisher?

- A. Pull, Aim squeeze & sweep
- B. Aim pull sweep and squeeze
- C. Squeeze aim pull and sweep
- D. Sweep Aim pull and squeeze

Q47 **CORRECT** Which victim has given CPR immediately?

A. Difficulty in breathing

B. Severe head injury

C. Severe blood loss

D. Dehydration

Q48 **CORRECT** Which angle is preventing the cutting edge from rubbing action?

A. Web angle

B. Rake angle

C. Clearance angle

D. Point angle

Q49 **CORRECT** What is the drill point angle for drilling brass?

A. 140 Degree

B. 130 Degree

C. 120 Degree

D. 118 Degree

Q50 **CORRECT** What is the normal lip clearance angle for standard drill?

A. 2 Degree- 4 Degree

B. 5 Degree - 7 Degree

C. 8 Degree - 12 Degree

D. 13 Degree - 16 Degree

Q51 **CORRECT** Which angle determines the rake angle at the cutting edge of twist drill?

A. Wedge angle

B. Helix angle

C. Point angle

D. Clearance angle

Q52 **CORRECT** What is the material of files?

A. Cast iron

B. Mild steel

C. Low alloy steel

D. High carbon steel